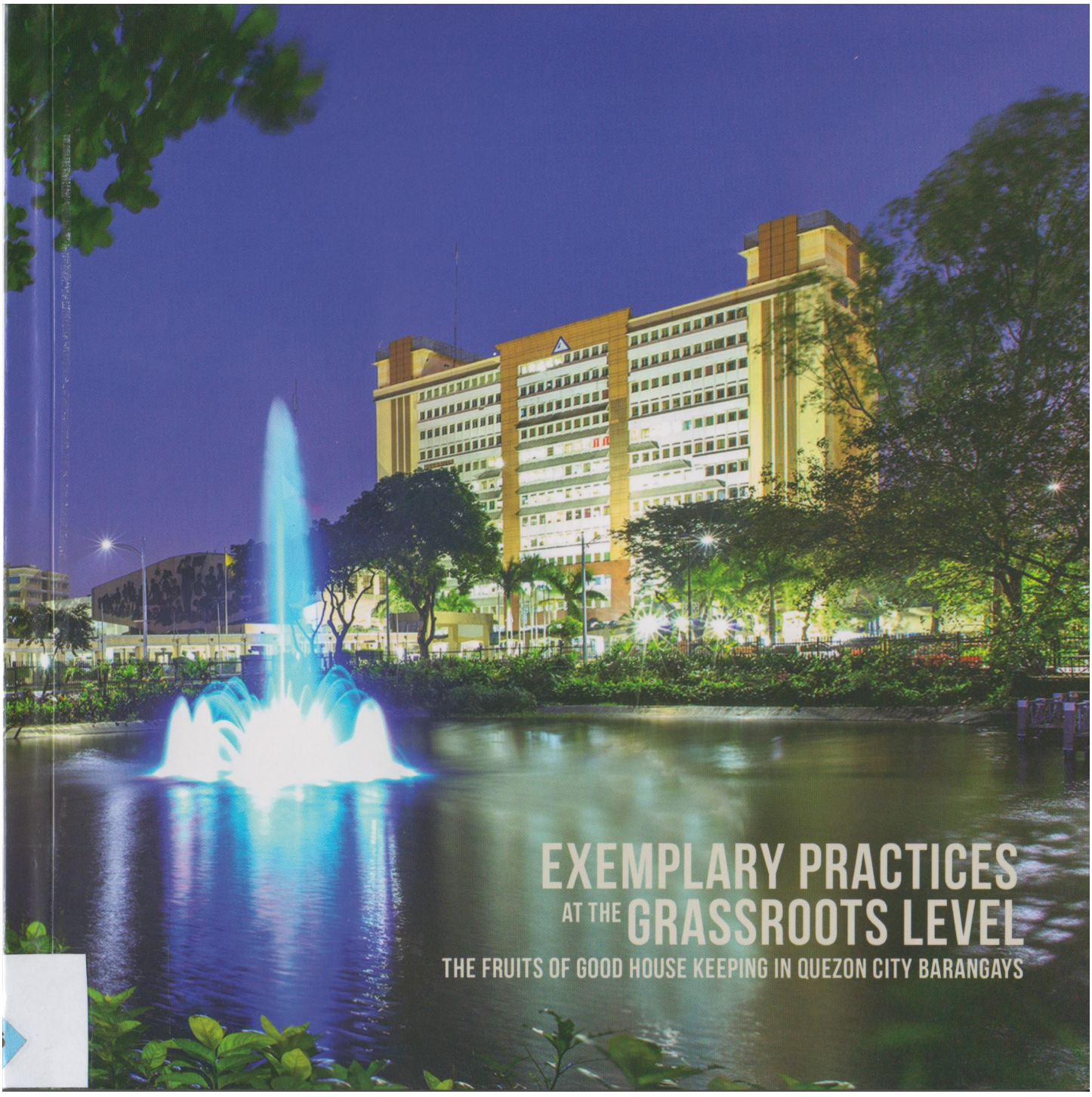


EXEMPLARY PRACTICES AT THE GRASSROOTS LEVEL

THE FRUITS OF GOOD HOUSE KEEPING IN QUEZON CITY BARANGAYS


TAPAT NA PALAKAD, BAYANG MAUNLAD
SEAL OF GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

MESSAGE FROM THE CITY MAYOR
Herbert M. Bautista



Barangays, as spheres of social and political influence in the Philippines,predates Spanish colonization. Through changes in structure of governance in the Philippines, somehow the basic concept and need for these small political units remained. They are not merely territorial or symbolic definitions of a geographic area but are small versions of the local and national governments with executive, legislative and adjudicatory powers. They have the distinction of having closer recognition and interaction with constituencies, are more acquainted with community-level problems and concerns, and are really the movers and shakers at the grassroots.

It is, therefore, fitting that the performance standards of good governance as it is being applied to local governments be adopted to barangays as well. Indeed, the principles of good public serviceare just as revelant to barangays as they are to other government officials, which are accountability, efficiency and effectiveness, transparency and promotion of participative action by constituents.

Thus, ahead of other local governments, the Quezon City government began the program to apply measures of good performance to its 142 barangays in 2014, and institutionalized it through Ordinance No. SP-2273, S-2014 adopting the Barangay Seal of Good Housekeeping. The evaluation criteria and performance review were done jointly by the city government and the Department of the Interior and Local Government.

The first set of awardees were accorded recognition on the 20th year of Quezon City's barangay day celebrations. It also marked the first time that the date for Barangay Day became a definite date September 21, which is the date when Presidential Decree no. 557, series of 1974 was signed, declaring all barrios in the Philippines as barangays.

It is good to know that the city's barangays are also the seedbeds of innovation and exemplary action, as this publication shows. May their good examples spread and motivate and inspire other barangays, more people.

Mabuhay!

HERBERT M. BAUTISTA
Mayor

MESSAGE FROM THE CITY VICE MAYOR
Ma. Josefina G. Belmonte



The Barangay Seal of Good Housekeeping program is another milestone for Quezon City. We are the first local government unit to institutionalize the principles of good governance in our barangays. Through the leadership of Secretary Jesse Robredo, cities and municipalities were subjected to different tools to evaluate governance in the framework of accountability, transparency, effectiveness and people's participation.

Simula po nang naging Vice Mayor ako, nakikita ko kung paano pinaghahandaan ng ating lungsod, ng ating mga opisyal at kawani ang Seal of Good Housekeeping, na ngayon ay Seal of Good Local Governance. Taun-taon po ay sinisinsin natin ang mga dokumento, pagdalo sa mga pulong, pagsasaayos ng mga report at dokumentasyon, hindi tayo tumitigil sa lalo pang pagpapahusay ng pamamahala.

This program started with an informal discussion with the Honorable Mayor Herbert M. Bautista. "Ano kaya ang magagawa natin upang maging functional ang bids and awards committee ng mga barangay?, Paano kaya natin masisigurado ang pagpapahalaga ng mga barangay officials sa dokumentasyon?.. "

With these questions, we have coordinated with the DILG on the steps to be taken to imbibe good governance principle into their organizational structure. We have to further encourage our barangay officials to put premium on their performance as the frontliner in public delivery system.

I am very proud to present "Exemplary Practices at the Grassroots Level: the fruits of good housekeeping in Quezon City Barangays". This is the documentation of the QC Barangay Seal of Good Housekeeping.

The story of the QCSGH experience at the barangay level is worth documenting as it can serve as a model for other cities and municipalities across the country that would like to download the SGH to their barangays. On the part of the QC barangays, it could serve as an inspiration for them to even do better or exceed what is expected of them. And for the QC government, it can give lessons and ideas on how to polish further its implementation in the coming years.

May nagbanggit nga sa akin, "Vice di kami nanalo, pinaghirapan pa namin ito ng husto." Hindi kayo dapat panghinaan ng loob, para sa unang subok, malaki na ang nagpagtagumpayan nating lahat. Ngayon alam na ng bawat isa sa atin ang kahalagahan ng pagsasaayos ng mga dokumento, na ang bawat kalsadang tutukuyin ng EPWMD ay kailangang laging malinis, na ang bawat bank withdrawal ay may kaakibat na dokumentasyon, na ang partnership sa mga NGO's ay mahalagang may memorandum of agreement, na hindi kailangan ng malaking budget para magkaroon ng isang best practice. We have a lot of learnings from this experience, which is a reward in itself.

The tools we've utilized are not perfect. The technical working group has identified areas for improvement. Alam kong marami sa inyo ang may reklamo. Hinihikayat ko na lang kayo na pagtulungan pa natin ang pagpapahusay ng BSGH at lampasan pa ng bawat barangay ang nagawa nila sa nakaraang taon. Hamon sa ating lahat na mas marami pa ang magiging Dangal ng Lungsod at Huwaran sa Pamamahala awardee sa 2016.

The BSGH leveled the playing field for the 142 barangays. Financial capacity is a factor, yes, but it is not the major component in the effective delivery of service to our constituents. The best practices documented in this book are "lakbay aral" worthy destination for other cities and municipalities.

This book is a collaborative effort of the BSGH technical working group, Professor Alicia Celestino of the UP NCPAG, Mr. Marc Go and Eric Beltran, both highly acclaimed photographers and the Office of the Vice Mayor. I would like to thank all of you for the support on making this book possible.

The principles of good governance cascaded to the barangay level. Umaasa akong patuloy tayong magkakaisa para sa matuwid na pamamahala.

MA. JOSEFINA G. BELMONTE
Vice Mayor

MESSAGE FROM
DILG-NCR OIC-Assistant Regional Director
And concurrent DILG-QCFO City Director



For years since the enactment of the Local Government Code, various performance measuring tools have been devised to gauge the performance of the LGUs. Of these tools and awards, one became the most sought after and coveted award-the Seal of Good Housekeeping which covered provinces, municipalities and cities. A seal which is a part of the legacy of the late SILG Jesse M. Robredo.

In the feat to further instil accountability, effective governance, transparency and participation, Quezon City initiated a bold move to elevate the fundamentals of local governance, THUS THE QUEZON CITY BARANGAY SEAL OF GOOD HOUSEKEEPING. The DILG-Quezon City Field Office takes pride in its active involvement in the said award from the conception to the implementation. Birth pains and adverse reactions were experienced but despite all that, the country's Barangay Seal of Good Housekeeping was conferred after a series of tedious and clear-cut assessment and evaluation.

Back to back with the success of the QCBSGH implementation and also an offshoot of the seal achievement is also the emergence of the compendium of the best practices of the QCBSGH awardees and the 10 barangays who were found to have sustained and elevated their best practices for the good of the community. This book shall serve as the benchmark of best practices in the grassroots level not only here in the City but all throughout the country. Further, it will also inspire other Local Government Units to aspire and strive for greater heights in furtherance of local governance.

We congratulate and commend the city government for setting the standards of good governance down to the grassroots level. Kudos to the men and women of the city who gave due primacy to the principles of the Mahusay, Matino at Tapat na Pamamahala.

Tunay ngang sa Kyusi, LAHAT PANALO!

JUAN JOVIAN E. INGENIERO, CESO V
DILG-NCR OIC-Assistant Regional Director

introduction

A legacy of the late DILG Secretary Jesse Robredo, the Seal of Good Housekeeping, a mechanism to foster good governance at the local level, has gone a long way since its introduction in 2011. Initially intended for cities, municipalities and provinces, this tool has found its way to the lowest rung of the local government hierarchy--the barangays. The government of Quezon City is a trendsetter along this line when it cascaded this good governance tool to its 142 barangays in 2014. Fully aware of the unharnessed potentials of the barangays, the Quezon City government thought of unleashing their potentials and creativity through the introduction of the Seal of Good Housekeeping (SGH). The SGH aims to recognize high performing barangays and as such it serves as an incentive for the barangays to:

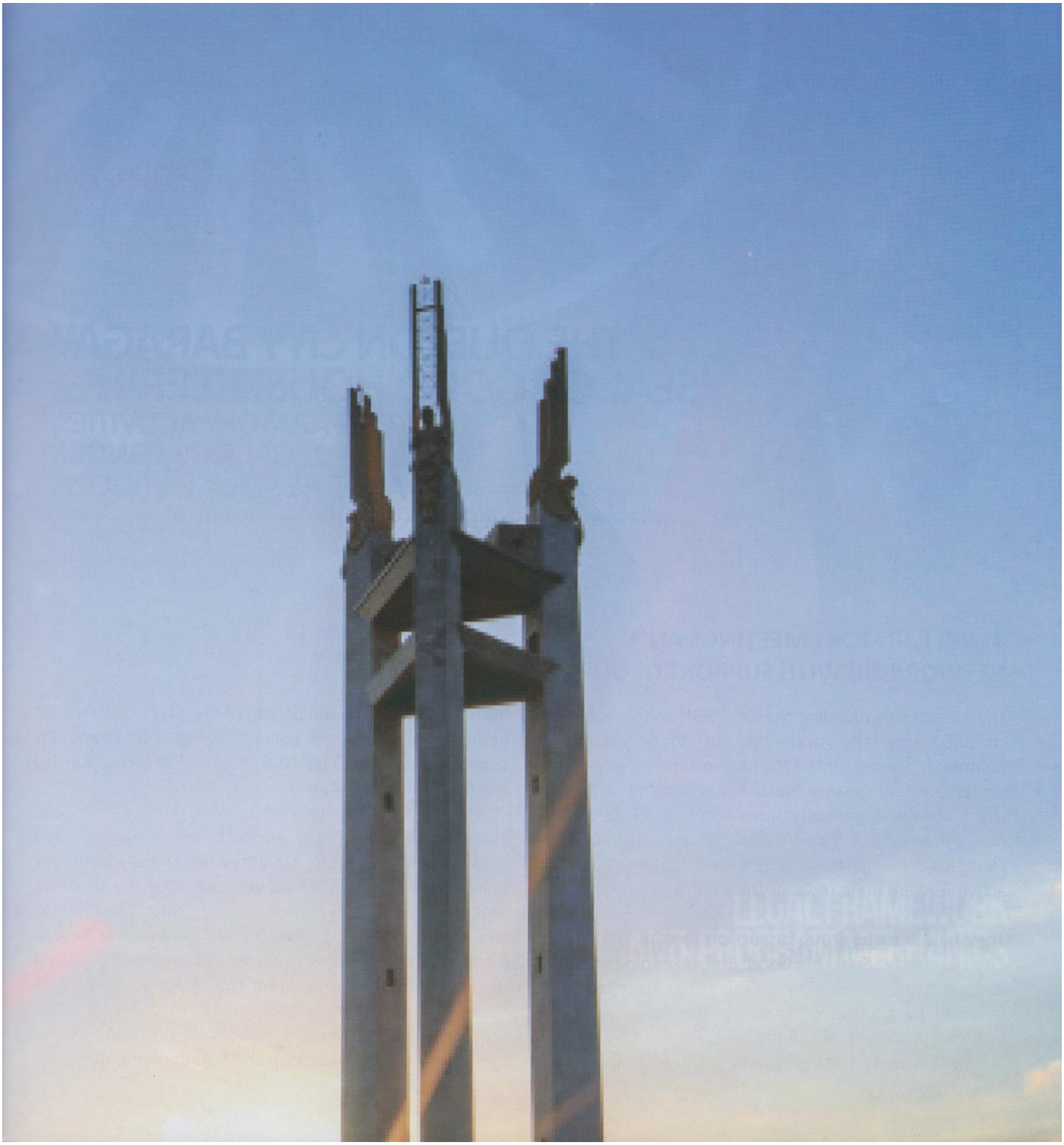
(1) imbibe good governance principles such as accountability, transparency, participation into their organizational culture;
(2) put premium on their performance as the frontliner in public service delivery system.

Consequently, it can push them to think out of the box or to be creative in conceptualizing programs, projects and activities that are responsive to the needs of their constituents.

Further, the SGH may attract the interest of national government agencies, civil society and the business sector to participate in barangay affairs by putting in monetary and non-monetary support once they see concrete evidences of good governance and exemplar performance of the barangays.

The story of the Quezon City SGH experience at the barangay level is worth documenting as it can serve as a model for other cities and municipalities across the country that would like to download the SGH to their barangays. On the part of the QC barangays, it could serve as an inspiration for them to even do better or exceed what is expected of them. And for the QC government, it can give lessons and ideas on how to polish further its implementation in the coming years.

This documentation is basically divided into two parts. The first part focuses on the groundwork leading to the implementation of the SGH in the barangays. It traces the crucial steps and key actors involved in the pilot implementation of the SGH at the barangays. The second part is an account of the gems of practices of the winning barangays and other remarkable practices of the other barangays.



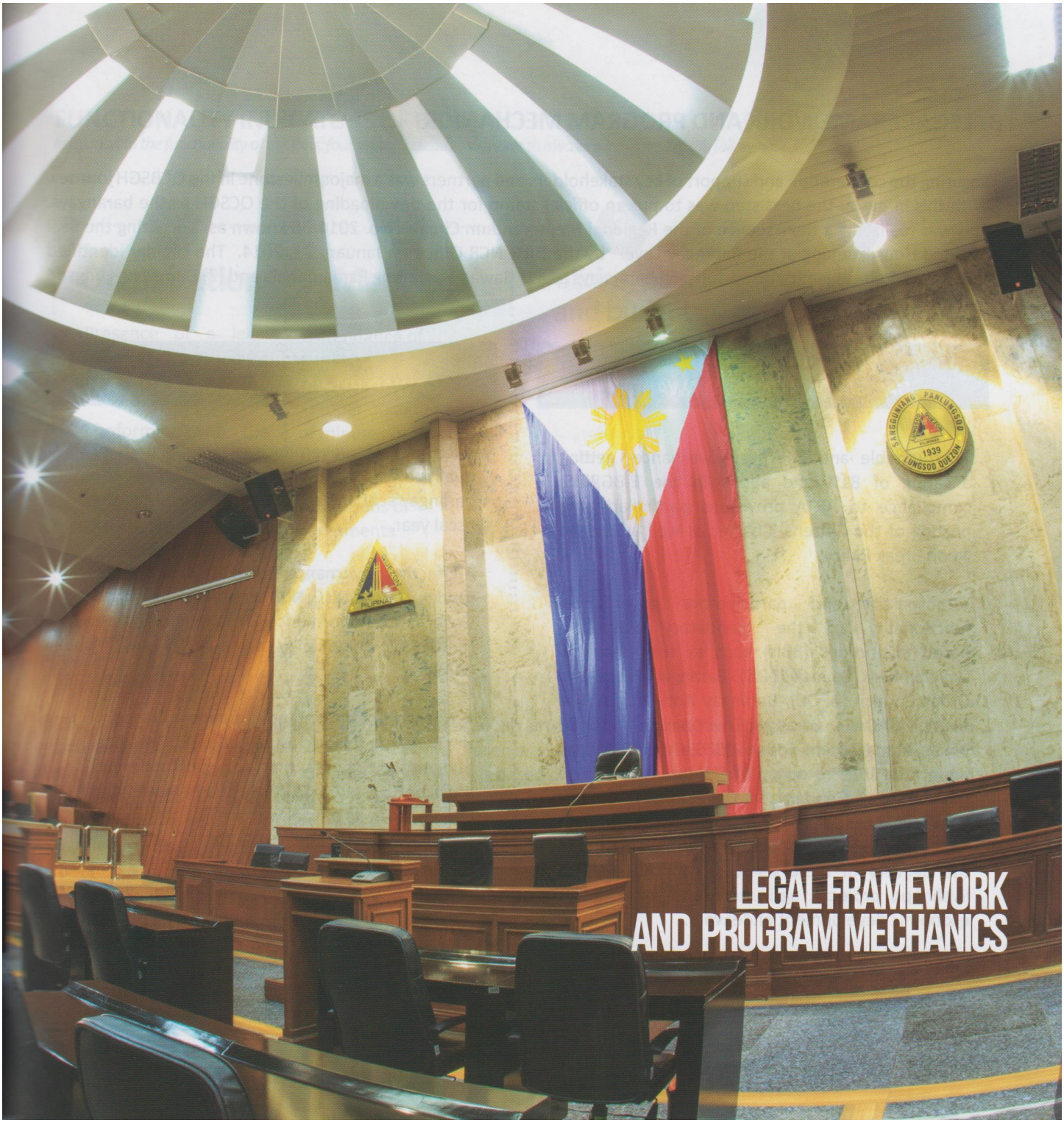
THE QUEZON CITY BARAGAY SEAL OF GOOD HOUSEKEEPING:
PREPARATORY ACTIVITIES, LEGAL FRAMEWORK AND THE SEARCH PROCESS

A. PREPARATORY MEETINGS AND NETWORKING WITH SUPPORT GROUPS

The idea of downloading the DILG SGH to the barangays of QC was the brainchild of Vice Mayor Joy Belmonte. She presented the idea in a meeting with DILG Undersecretary Austere Panadero in November 2013 to which the latter gave a positive response. That positive note propelled the Vice Mayor's Office and the DILG-QC Field Office to pave the way for its realization. Preparatory activities were done towards this end.

They held a focus group discussion to craft the Quezon City Barangay Seal of Good Housekeeping program concept in the same month. This exploratory work was followed by a series of meetings the following month including a consultation with the Commission on Audit. Before Christmas, the Vice Mayor and the Mayor through his representative in the person of the City Administrator approved the program concept which was eventually supported by the DILG NCR Regional Director Renato Brion in January 2014.

The cooperation and support of religious-based organizations was also sought when Vice Mayor Joy Belmonte met with the representatives of the Dioceses of Cubao since the church has a strong presence at the barangay level. The church likewise responded positively and committed its support through information dissemination of the program through the Ugnayan ng Barangay at Simbahan; involvement in the search for SGH compliant barangays (validation process), and in monitoring and evaluation of the SGH implementation.



LEGAL FRAMEWORK AND PROGRAM MECHANICS

B. LEGAL FRAMEWORK AND PROGRAM MECHANICS

Securing the cooperation and support of key stakeholders and partners was a major milestone in the QCBSGH journey. With this in place, the next step was to put an official stamp for the downloading of the QCSGH to the barangays. This was realized via the issuance of the Regional Memorandum Circular No. 2014-06 known as "Localizing the Seal of Good Housekeeping at the Barangay Level" by the DILG-NCR Office on January 23, 2014. The circular identified the awards to be given to the performing barangays as: (1) Gawad Huwarang Pamamahala and (2) Dangal ng Lungsod Award.

CRITERIA FOR DANGAL NG LUNGSOD AWARDS

•Accountable and Effective governance- getting a rating of 81% and above in the E-BGPMS; compliance to ARTA provisions particularly the posting of the Citizens' Charter as well as the No Noon Break Policy.

•Transparent and participatory governance- functionality of the mandatory Barangay-Based Institutions (BBIs) such as the: Barangay Development Council (BDC), Barangay Peace and Order Council (BPOC), Barangay Anti-Drug Abuse Council (BADAC), Barangay Environment and Solid Waste Management Council (BESWMC), Barangay Council for the Protection of Children (BCPC), and the Barangay Gender and Development Council (GAD); linkages with CSOs (POs and NGOs) through joint ventures or cooperative arrangements in the delivery of basic services, capacity building livelihood projects, agriculture and other socio-economic development endeavors.

CRITERIA FOR GAWAD HUWARANG PAMAMAHALA

•Accountable governance - unqualified or qualified(?) opinion by the COA on the barangay's financial statements covering the fiscal year.

• Effective governance - at least 80% average rating in the DILG-NCR Enahnced Barangay Governance Performance Management System (E-BGPMS); compliance to the ARTA Law (RA 9485)

• Transparent governance - full compliance to the Barangay full disclosure policy (FDP) of local budget and finances, bids and public offerings must be posted in 3 conspicuous places and FDP Portal in its official website

FUNCTIONALITY INDICATORS OF BBIs

In relation to the functionality of the BBIs, four sets of indicators were set to measure it. These are the following:

1 Organization

- Presence of a legal basis (e.g. resolution for the creation of the BBI)
- Conformity with the prescribed membership of the BBI
- Members' knowledge of their functions thru briefings
- Presence of additional sectoral representative

2 Meetings

- Attendance of members
- Proper documentation of minutes of meetings
- Presence of resolutions or agreements
- Conduct of special meetings

3 Policies, plans and budget

The sub-indicators of this set depend on the nature of the BBI

4 Accomplishments

the sub-indicators of this set also depend on the nature of the BBI

The functionality of the BBIs is just one component of the assessment criteria. The other components include the assessment tools crafted by the city such as the presence of best practices and innovations in the barangay and also the Legislative Services Assessment tool which is based on DILG Memorandum Circular No. 2012-143 issued in August 2012. The latter contains five sets of indicators to wit:

1. Effectiveness of the Legislative Agenda of the Barangay
2. Effectiveness of the Legislative Tracking System
3. Availability of Legislative Documents
4. Performance Efficiency of the Sangguniang Barangay
5. Quality of Office Set-up and Staff Complement

Comparison of the Criteria for Evaluation of Barangay Performance between the Dangal ng Lungsod and Gawad Huwarang Pamamahala Awards

ASSESSMENT AREA	DANGAL NG LUNGSOD	GAWAD HUWARANG PAMAMAHALA
Accountable Governance	Qualified or unqualified opinion rendered by the Commission on Audit regarding the Local Government Unit's financial statements for the immediately preceding year. Should pass the assessment on financial management and sound barangay planning and budgeting	Qualified or unqualified opinion rendered by the Commission on Audit regarding the Local Government Unit's financial statements for the immediately preceding year. Should pass the assessment on financial management and sound barangay planning and budgeting
Effective Gorvenance	1.With an above 81% average rating in the DILG Enhanced Barangay Governance Performance Management System (E-BGPMS). 2.With an above 81% average rating in the Quezon City Barangay Legislative Services Assessment. 3.Compliance to Republic Act 9485 or the Anti-Red Tape Act. 4.Innovator of a Barangay Best Practice	1.With at least an 80% average rating in the DILG Enhanced Barangay Governance Performance Management System (E-BGPMS). 2.With at least an 80% average rating in the Quezon City Barangay Legislative Services Assessment. 3.Compliance to Republic Act 9485 or the Anti-Red Tape Act.
Transparent Governance	1.Full compliance with the Barangay Full Disclosure Policy of the local budget and finances, and the posting of bids and public offerings in both three (3) conspicuous	1.Full compliance with the Barangay Full Disclosure Policy of the local budget and finances, and the posting of bids and public offerings in both three (3) conspicuous places as well as

	places as well as at the localized Full Disclosure Policy Portal (preferably at the Quezon City Website or to a designated website/web portal dedicated for the QC-BSGH- if any). 2.Organized and functional Bids and Awards Committee pursuant to the standards set by law. 3.Compliance with the on-line procurement posting requirement through the Philippine Government Electronic Procurement System.	at the localized Full Disclosure Policy Portal (preferably at the Quezon City Website or to a designated website/ web portal dedicated for the QC-BSGH- if any).
Participatory Governance	1.Functionality of the mandatory Barangay Based Institutions: Barangay Peace And Order Committee (BPOC), Barangay Development Council (BDC), Barangay Anti-Drug Abuse Council (BADAC), Barangay Ecological Solid Waste Management Committee (BSWMC), Barangay Council for the Protection of Children (BCPC), and Gender and Development(GAD). 2.Linkages with People's or Non-Government organizations through joint ventures or cooperative arrangements in the delivery of basic services, capability building livelihood projects, agriculture and other socio-economic development endeavors.	

Source: DILG-NCR MC No. 2014-06

C. PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION PHASE

To effectively implement the program, the City, by virtue of the City Ordinance No. SP 2273, convened the QCBSGH Technical Working Group (TWG) composed by the following;

Office of the Mayor
Office of the Vice Mayor
Office of the City Council Secretary
Barangay Operations Center
City Budget Office
City Accounting Office
DILG-QCFO

The TWG served as the implementing arm of the program - from the crafting of the manual of operations, various assessment tools, policies and strategies of implementation.

One accomplishment of the TWG is the customization of the Enhanced Barangay Governance Performance Management System (E-BGPMS) in consideration of the indicators, which are suited for the Quezon City setting. Said tool was administered in all 142 barangays on January of 2014. The QCBGSH TWG Secretariat (DILG-QCFO) presented the consolidation and analysis of data during the Executive Committee (EXECOM) on March 2015. Recommendations reported included the following:

1. Intensification of programs to ensure emergence of an updated Registry of Barangay Inhabitants (RBI) and socio-economic profile

2. Emergence of inventory of barangay halls focusing on the lot ownership or nature of the lot where the barangay hall is situated.

3. Strengthen partnership/collaborative engagements with POs/CSOs/NGOs for complementation of resources for BDP identified projects

4. Conduct of series of programs and activities to capacitate Barangay Officials to prepare the comprehensive 3-year BDP and BDIP

5. Emergence of cluster Materials Recovery Facility

6. Strengthening of the City's program on Urban agriculture

CASCADING THE INFORMATION

To attain maximum information dissemination, social marketing was taken into consideration. The social marketing process included the conduct of roll-out seminar in two (2) phases : First phase involved the Barangay Council together with the Barangay Secretaries and Barangay Treasurers thru the roll-out seminar held at the Amoranto Performing Arts Theatre on April 22, 23, 29 and 30 (four batches). In this activity, the following were discussed:

- Overview of the seal pursuant to the City Council Ordinance No. SP 2273
- Implementing Rules and Regulations
- Discussions on FDP, ARTA, RA 9184 (Government Procurement and Reform Act)
- Documentation of Best Practices and innovations
- Functionality of Barangay-Based Institutions
- Enhanced Barangay Governance Performance Management System (E- BGPMS)

The second phase of roll-out was undertaken from May to July 2014 wherein the Office of the Vice Mayor and the DILG-QCFO discussed specific details of the Seal to the Barangay Council, Staff and other local stakeholders like the NGOs/CSOs and even religious sector representatives. Said activity was held in the barangays (per area in every District)

THE SELECTION PROCESS

On February 24, 2015, the QCBSGH Assessment Team composed of 20 members commenced its task to assess onsite all the 142 barangays in the City. The team members were representatives from the following:

1. Office of the Vice Mayor
2. Office of the Secretary to Sangguniang Panlungsod (OSSP)
3. Barangay Operations Center
4. Environment Protection and Waste Management Department (EPWMD)
5. DILG-Quezon City Field Office
6. City Accounting Office
7. City Budget Office
8. City Public Affairs and Information Services Office (PAISO)

The onsite assessment transpired from 24 February to June 19, 2015. This was followed by a series of consolidation of results which yielded the list of qualified barangays.

On August and September 2015, the validation team composed of the TWG members conducted the validation of the assessment results. A total of 12 barangays were validated. The selection processes undertaken resulted in the finalization of the seal recipients, to wit:

DANGAL NG LUNGSOD

Barangay Loyola Heights
Barangay Bagumbayan
Barangay Holy Spirit
Barangay Sangandaan

GAWAD SA HUWARANG PAMAMAHALA

Barangay Novaliches Proper
Barangay Damar
Barangay Talayan
Barangay UP Campus
Barangay Horseshoe

In addition to the winners of the two prestigious awards, the TWG decided to give special citations to other barangays with noteworthy practices in specific areas. This is to recognize their good performance in specific areas such as the following:

1. Functionality of Barangay Based Institutions
2. Barangay Best Practices and Innovations
3. Good Financial Housekeeping
4. Barangay Legislative Services

BEST PRACTICES OF THE DANGAL NG LUNGSOD AWARDEES

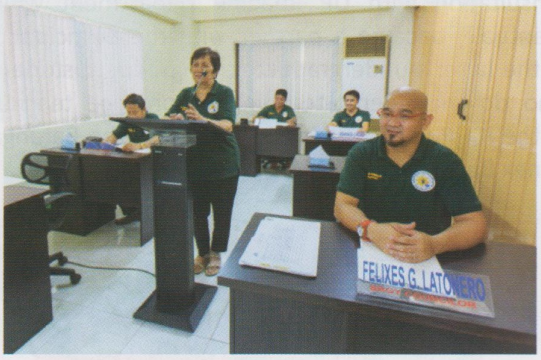
1. Barangay Loyola Heights
2. Barangay Sangandaan
3. Barangay Bagumbayan
4. Barangay Holy Spirit


WELCOME
BARANGAY LOYOLA HE



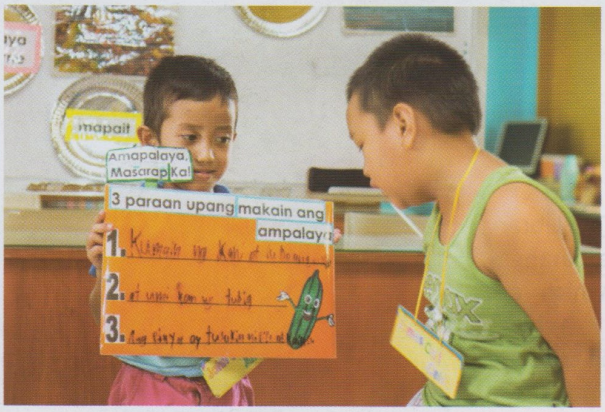
BARANGAY LOYOLA HEIGHTS:
EMPOWERMENT THROUGH INNOVATIVE METHODS OF LEARNING

Giving access to education is a top priority of Barangay Loyola Heights and there is more to it than mere giving access. Its out-of-the-box schemes of making access to learning more fun and in keeping with today's technology are testaments to its inventiveness or creativity in responding to a felt need in its community.



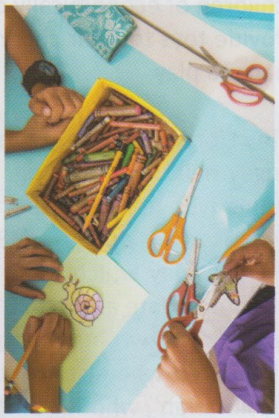
One of these innovative practices is its Interactive Children's Literacy Program (ICLiP). This program addresses the need to strengthen the foundation for learning or education which is developing the reading skill and hence, literacy of the children-learners. Studies have shown that reading is a critical tool in the mastery of other subjects and one of the best predictors of longer-term achievement (UNESCO, 2004). ICLiP caters to marginalized children aged 7-12 who either do not know how to read or are struggling to read. Its curriculum was developed in consultation with UP Reading Department which eventually became a partner with the participation of the latter's undergraduate and graduate students who do their demo-teaching or practice teaching at the ICLiP center which is located at the Barangay Annex Building.













Each semester, around 70 children are enrolled in the program and around 80-90 children during the summer. All learners undergo pre-assessment at the beginning of each semester and also undergo post-assessment at the end of the semester. These assessments measure the progress of each child.

The program has exhibited encouraging results or outcomes. On the average, the children are able to read words and short sentences after a semester or 16 weeks of instruction. Those who finish the program showed a great love for reading and they become more self-confident when they graduate from the program. Moreover, it has been observed by the parents that the program was able to enhance positive values such as respect and sensitivity to others in their children, which did not exist when they started the program. The ICLiP has also become an avenue for the out-of-school kids (3%-5% of the enrollees) to be encouraged to enroll back in the mainstream education system. These outcomes of the program are telling signs or indications of empowerment among the disadvantaged children in the community.

Another innovative program of the barangay is its Toy Library which started in 2011. This was conceptualized by the barangay chairperson and his "volunteer friends" some of which are residents of the barangay. Realizing that play is essential to a child's development, the Toy Library was born. Its main beneficiaries are the children of economically challenged families who cannot afford to provide toys to their children and who do not have a safe place or space to play.

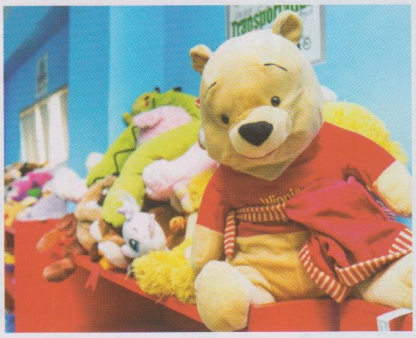
The Toy Library is a one-room play space at the second floor of the barangay hall main building. It contains a variety of toys such as manipulatives, dolls, transportations, dramatic play toys, games and story books. It is open from 8:30 in morning to 4:00 p.m. everyday except Saturday which is set aside as a cleaning day. The facility can accommodate around 20 children at a time. Children are given a maximum of two hours to play in the Toy Library to give chance to all children who also want to use the facility. It is managed by a "toy-librarian" who is assisted by volunteer parents who render at least two hours of work a week. Aside from playing in the Toy Library, story-telling, arts and viewing and parenting seminars are also conducted in the facility.




play food









Like the ICLiP, the Toy Library Program of the barangay has already shown positive results. According to the day-care teachers, a great progress among the toy library users in their social skills was observed. The children have learned to take turns, share their toys , engage in a cooperative play and displayed creativity in their "pretend plays". Further, the children themselves realized a sense of fulfillment as expressed in their comments "nalalaro na natin ang mga laruan na sa mall lang nakikita".

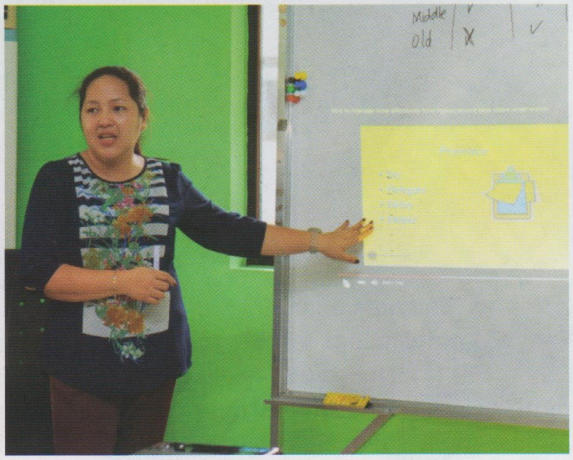
This program has indeed proved its relevance and utility not just for the children but for their parents as well on two counts: (1) the Toy Library serves as a haven for their children while attending to their work, and (2) it made them realize the importance of play as a essential element in the holistic development of their children.


“nalalaro na natin ang
mga laruan na sa mall lang
nakikita”








Middle
Old
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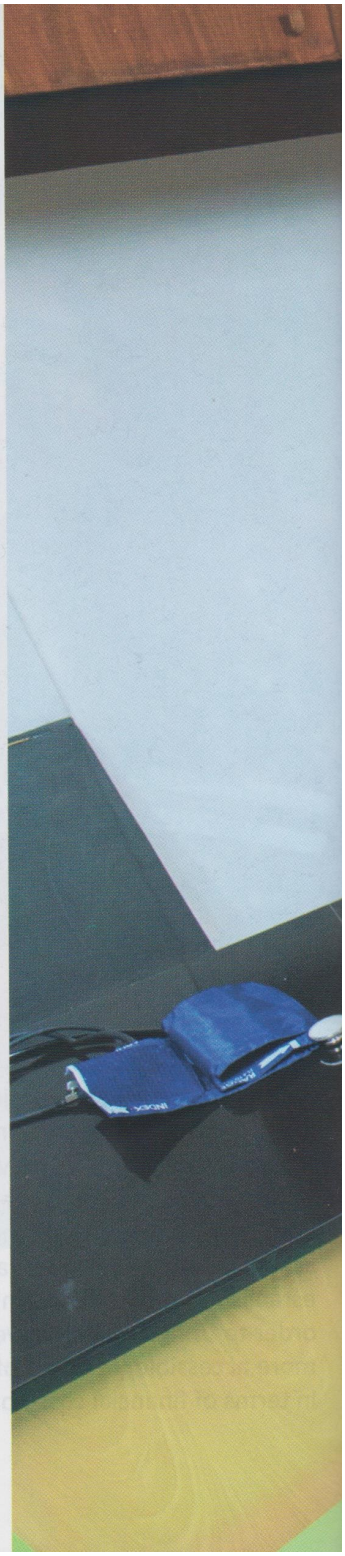
Still another innovative project of Barangay Loyola Heights is its E-skwela/Alternative Learning System. It was established to provide equal educational opportunities to the out-of-school youth and adults who want to earn their elementary or high school diploma in an alternative way. Also, it was established within the premises of the barangay in order to bring an alternative method of education more accessible (in terms of physical distance and in terms of financial cost) to their constituents.

The E-skwela/ALS learners include the mothers who bring their toddlers with them in the learning center, out-of-school youth, adult drop-outs, kasambahays, food attendants, construction workers, market vendors, children-in-conflict with the law and homeschoolers.

BARANGAY BAGUMBAYAN:
PROMOTING PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENHANCING BARANGAY WEALTH

Health is wealth. A truism for all who put value in a healthy life style. In the case of Barangay Bagumbayan, public health and wealth sit side by side in their development agenda.









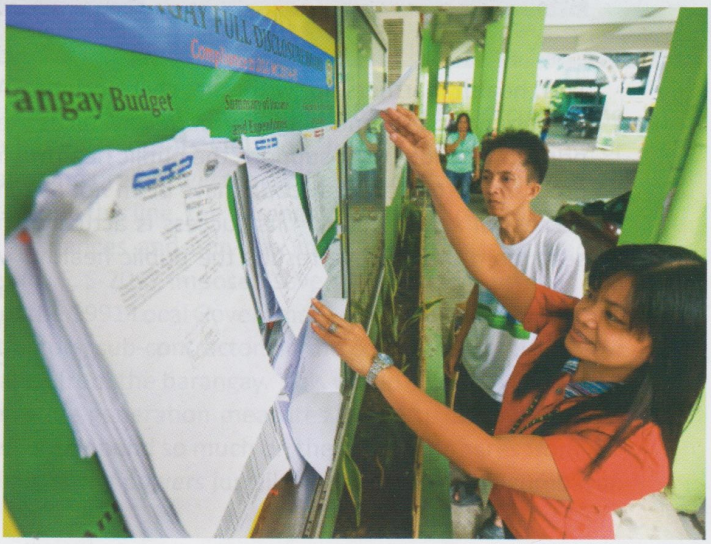
Public health has become an advocacy of the incumbent barangay chief executive. This is expected because by profession, he is a medical doctor. Since public health especially primary health care is a devolved function, the responsibility to deliver this service in a more accessible and effective manner rests on the shoulders of the local government unit. The challenge therefore for the barangay is how to make this happen considering the limited resources at its disposal.

A systematic and innovative approach to promote public health for all was adopted by the barangay through the leadership of its barangay chair. First, they established the state of public health in the barangay through consultations with the various stakeholders therein. Identifying the problematic situation of public health is the logical start as all strategies to solve this problematic situation hinged on it. Next, the barangay enacted local policies to address the health issues existing in the barangay foremost of which is the enactment of Resolution No.175, S-2014 establishing the Barangay Health Management Council. This Council assumed the responsibilities of improving the health conditions and awareness on maternal and child care as well as on prevalent diseases in the barangay such as TB, HIV, rabies, nutrition and other medical priority problems therein.

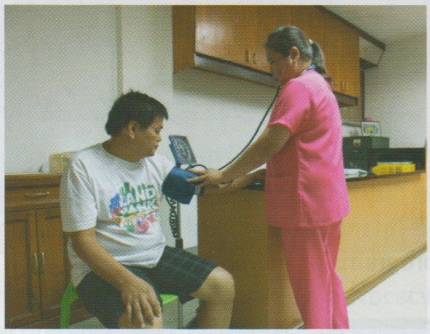


The Council, chaired by the Punong Barangay, is actually a multi-sectoral body consisting of not only the barangay health and non-health officials but also representatives from private clinics, schools, senior citizens, people's organizations like TODA and other NGOs. To further boost the enhancement of public health and accessibility to the various health programs and projects of the barangay, the Barangay Council also enacted the Barangay Green Health Card ordinance, Dengue Ordinance, and Pest Control Ordinance and created the Nutrition Council Committee. Further, the regular positions of a medical doctor, dentist and midwife were created to augment the health personnel in the barangay. To implement its various health programs, funds were appropriated.

Funding for the different programs of the barangay has always been an issue in most barangays. Given the funding constraints and limitations of the barangay, it entered into partnerships with the civil society organizations such as the Mercury Drug Foundation, Rotary Club of Quezon City Southeast, Christ Commission Fellowship which provided financial support and other resources to the public health programs of the barangay.









This health partnership with the civil society organizations is something the barangay takes pride in. Without their support, the public health program of the barangay could have been not as successful as it is today. Its success is actually seen from the positive results the public health program has generated.

Among them was the provision of free medicines especially for TB patients, free medical consultation for geriatrics and pediatrics, dental services, pre-natal care, free laboratory examination for FBS, free eyeglasses and wheel chairs, free anti-rabies vaccination and so on. Also, their seminars on awareness-raising are commendable as these form part of the continuous education information campaign on public health enhancement.



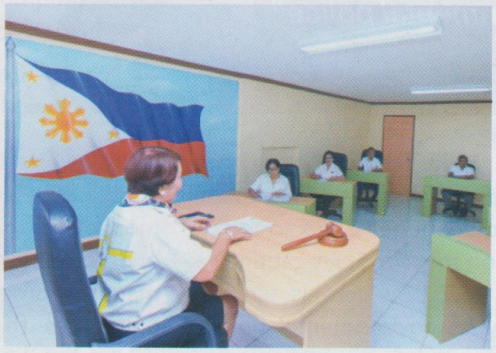
Another important area of local government administration is management of its finances particularly the revenue generation aspect. The revenues of the barangay are its lifeblood, hence, the steady flow or revenues must be ensured. Its development programs and project will remain in their development plans if there are no corresponding funds to carry them out. Along this line, the barangay moved quickly to improve or increase its revenues. Its council enacted tax ordinances and non- tax measures to raise additional revenues for the barangay. Its Barangay Ordinance No. 6, S-2012 imposed several types of taxes, fees and charges that are not contradictory to the provisions of the 1991 Local Government Code. Another ordinance (Ordinance No. 3, S-2013) required all owners, contractors, sub-contractors in the construction business to mandate their employees to secure a working clearance from the barangay. This would somehow augment locally-sourced revenues of the barangay. These revenue-generation measures of the barangay are bold moves requiring strong political will. Barangays need not depend so much on their IRA and shares from the city taxes but on their own they can also exercise their taxing powers just like what Barangay Bagumbayan has done.


RGY. HOLY SPIRIT
FELICITO A.VALMOCINA
BRGY CHAIRMAN
ALCOA WHEELS
SFW 372



BARANGAY HOLY SPIRIT:
CARING FOR THE ENVIRONMENT AND SHOWING THE WAY HOW

Even before the national government acted to address the growing waste management problem in the country by enacting in 2000 RA 9003 otherwise known as the Ecological Solid Waste Management Act, Barangay Holy Spirit was already into proper garbage management with the implementation of its Ecological Waste Management Program.

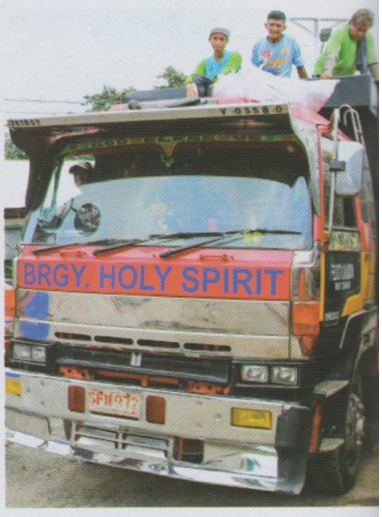




"A pioneer of the No Segregation No Collection Policy, which is strictly enforced by its environmental police"

Started in 1998, the program has withstood the challenges it met along the way and continues to do so today. A pioneer of the No Segregation No Collection Policy, which is strictly enforced by its environmental police, the barangay reinforces this policy by conducting massive information education campaign among its constituents to minimize resistance to the program.

It also invested substantial funding for the purchase of its own garbage trucks and most of all, the presence of political will or determination on the part of its leaders made the program an effective one. Not only does the barangay segregate its wastes but it also recycles and composts. Because of these measures, the barangay was able to cut down its daily waste generation from 330 to 105 cubic meters a day.





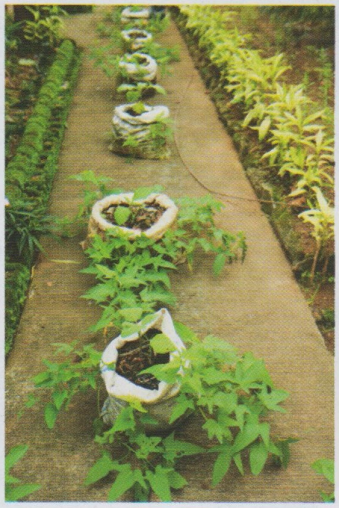






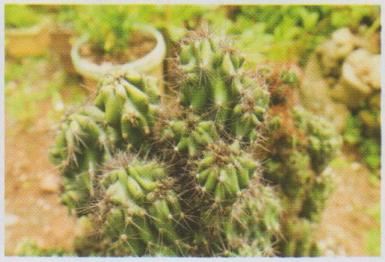


The program gave birth to livelihood enterprises the most notable of which are the Crafts Center and an urban farm known as Gulayan and Bulaklakan. The former produces quality products from recyclable materials while the latter uses the compost produce to fertilize its vegetable and ornamental plant gardens.



















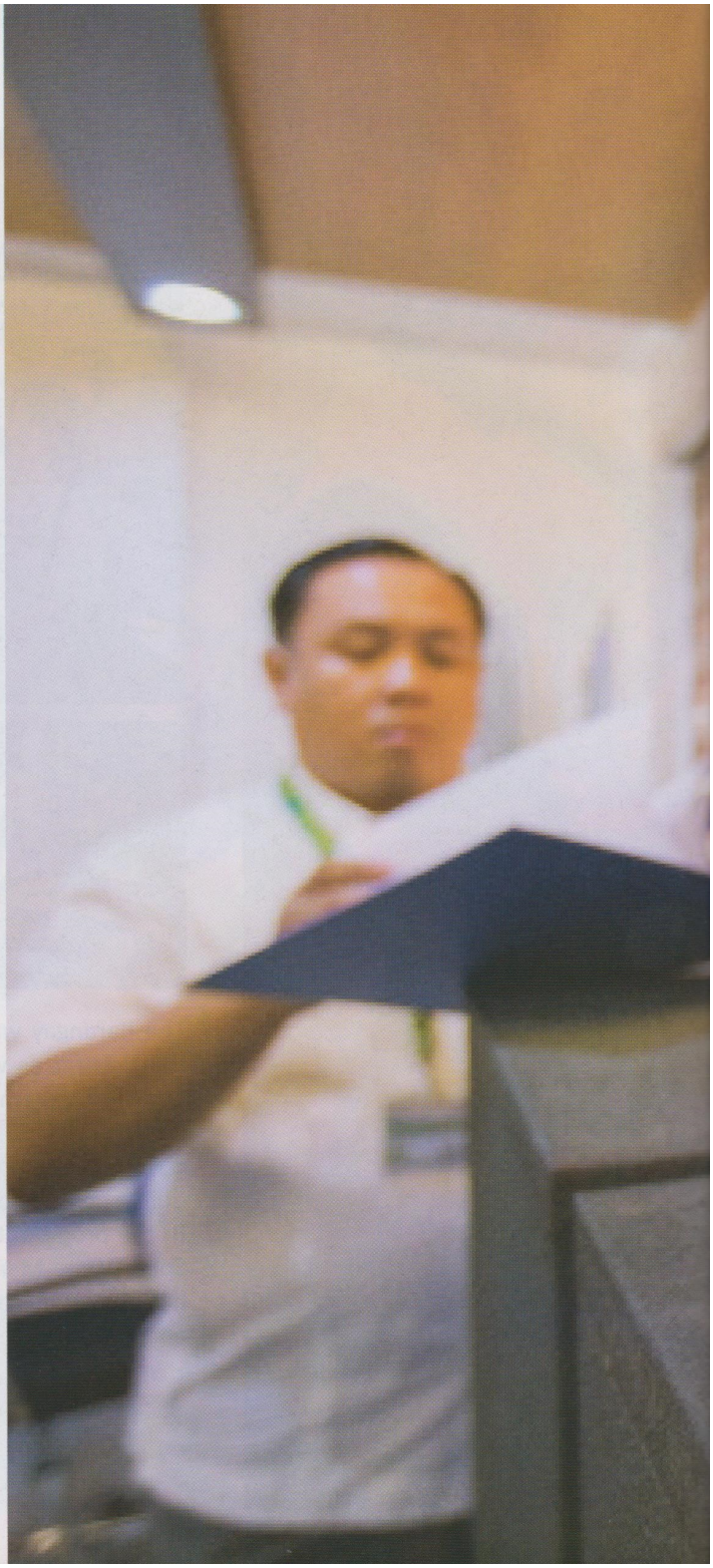


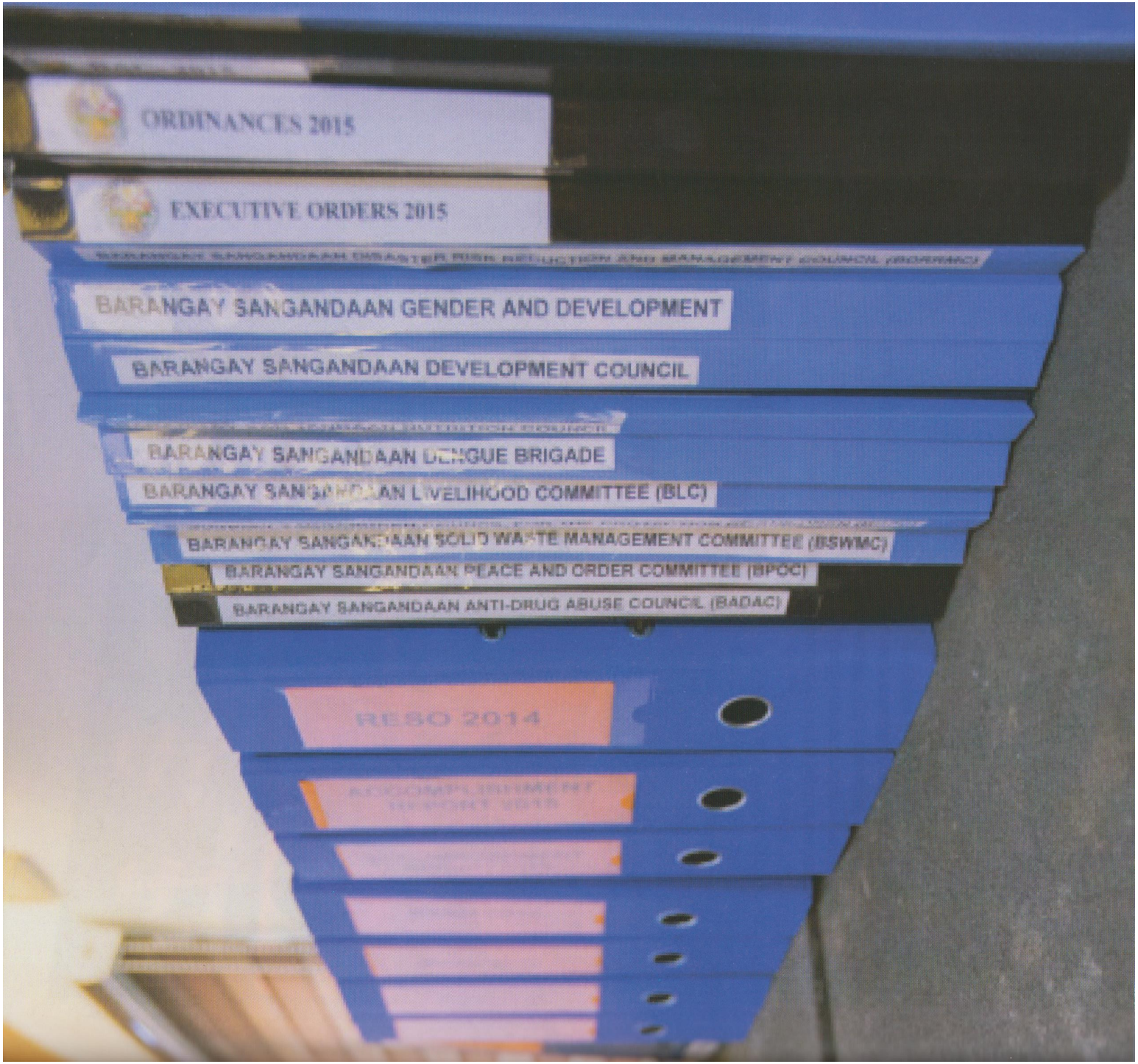
The barangay was able to show to the world that it is doing the right thing as far as waste management is concerned. It has showcased its waste management program as one way of caring for the environment. Because of this, it attracted the attention of both government and non-government organizations and has become a study tour destination for domestic and foreign visitors. Several awards were already accorded to the program the latest of which was the Cleanest and Best Barangay Solid Waste Management award in March 2015. Indeed, the barangay has shown its care for mother earth by seeing to it that it is kept clean and green.

BARANGAY SANGANDAAN:
SYSTEMATIC RECORDS KEEPING IS ALSO GOOD GOVERNANCE

In Barangay Sangandaan, the government values and practices systematic records keeping to promote good governance.






ORDINANCES 2015
EXECUTIVE ORDERS 2015
BARANGAY SANGANDAAN GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT
BARANGAY SANGANDAAN DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL
BARANGAY SANGANDAAN DENGUE BRIGADE
BARANGAY SANGANDAAN LIVELIHOOD COMMITTEE (BLC)
BARANGAY SANGANDAAN SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (BSWMC)
BARANGAY SANGANDAAN PEACE AND ORDER COMMITTEE (BPOC)
BARANGAY SANGANDAAN ANTI-DRUG ABUSE COUNCIL (BADAC)
RESO 2014

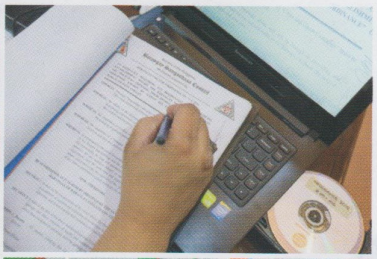


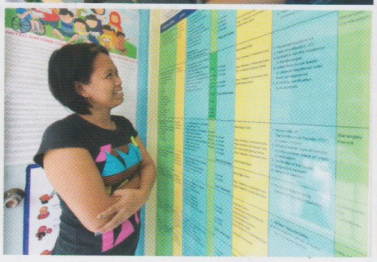
Records management has always been a challenge to public bureaucracies including the barangay government. Its importance cannot be overemphasized as well-kept records are needed not only to preserve the organization's history but more so because these records especially the financial records, can be used to make the operations of the public organization more transparent and more accountable, hence promoting good governance.



Starting from scratch, the barangay was able to build its records systematically. It requested copies of barangay ordinances, resolutions and executive orders from the city hall since they found nothing when the administration assumed office. Taking its lessons from the past, the barangay administration always kept its official documents with back ups, thus hard copies and soft copies of these are secured. The barangay makes use of filing or keeping in order the documents manually and also electronically in the case of some documents or records. Everything is properly labeled to facilitate document retrieval. It may sound simple, but systematic records keeping undoubtedly helps in promoting good governance.











GAWAD SA HUWARANG PAMAMAHALA AWARDEES

1. Barangay Novaliches Proper
2. Barangay Damar
3. Barangay Talayan
4. Barangay UP Campus
5. Barangay Horseshoe



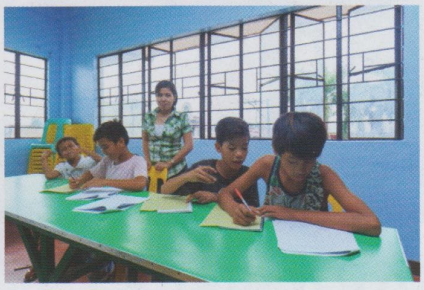
BARANGAY NOVALICHES PROPER

With its vision to make Barangay Novaliches Proper the leading barangay that promotes community development through unity, equity, and growth amongst its constituents, they have made it their mission to commit to providing the best programs and basic services that aims to manage quality life for the birth of an excellent, dedicated, innovative, unified competence and, professionalism. Thus it is not surprising that Barangay Novaliches Proper excels in their many endeavors.









The Barangay performs very well in the aspect of Economic Development wherein members of the community benefit from the different Barangay initiated Livelihood Programs such as Hilot Wellness, Call Center Agents Training, Culinary Arts Training, Soap Making, Rug Making, Home Care Provider and many other livelihood programs. The Barangay is also doing well in Legislative Services, in which they have successfully created a Barangay Development Council, conducted at least two General Assembly semestral meetings, prepared a Barangay Development Plan, conducted seminars on Katarungang Pambarangay and Regular Ugnayan ng Barangay at Pulisya along with other significant achievements.

Lastly, Barangay Novaliches continuously provides good quality social services that benefit the members of its community. Some of these services include the formation of the Barangay Nutrition Council that monitors the health condition of the constituents of the Barangay particularly malnourished children, the creation Task Force Youth and Sports Development Council that caters to the needs of the youth sector, the establishment of the Barangay Health Emergency Teams and several others.



BARANGAY DAMAR

To reduce the solid waste disposed by the barangay by at least 10% on the first year and 5% for every two years thereafter, Barangay Damar adopted the best environmental practice in ecological waste management by ensuring proper segregation, collection, storage and disposal of solid waste not only in residential areas but also in barangay streets, parks, and open spaces. Its practice also includes creating a plan as well as setting the guidelines and target for the volume reduction of the solid waste at source through reusing, recycling, and recovering.

Moreover, Barangay Damar also has a material recovery facility (MRF) for the collected recyclable materials. Further, it is active in disseminating information on proper waste disposal.

In relation to its MRF, Barangay Damar entered into a partnership with one of the junk shops in the Baragay in which the junk shop partner would be responsible for maintaining the MRF. Recyclable materials are stored separately according to materials category and sold to interested junk shops.



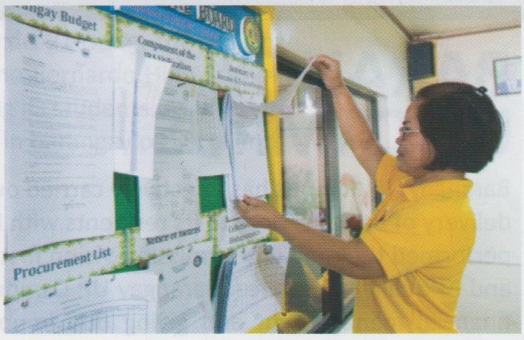




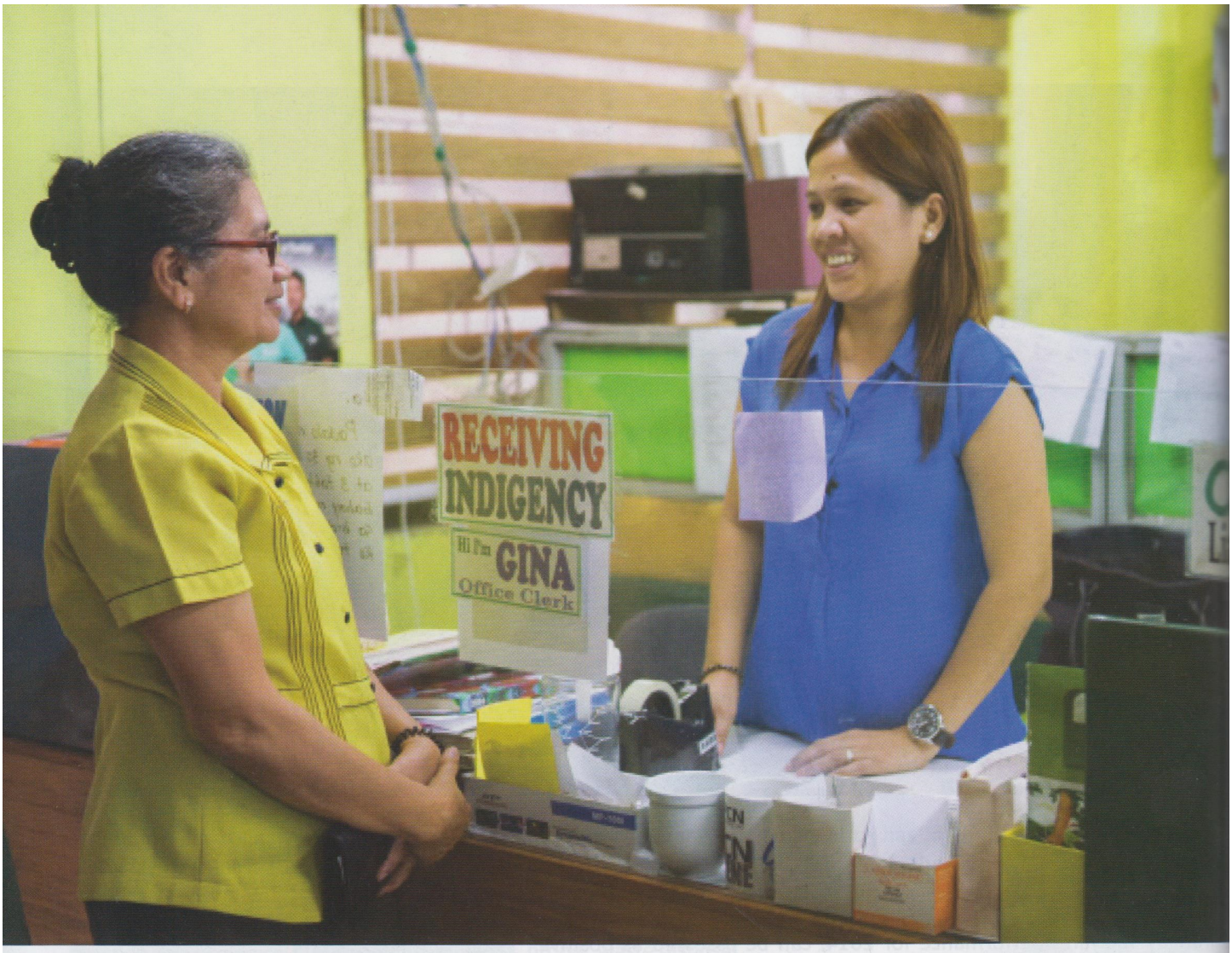


BARANGAY TALAYAN

Barangay Talayan's performance for 2014, can be assessed as positive in the following areas: Legislative Services, Social Services and Environmental Management. The barangay received awards/recognition for their Environmental Management practices such as Best Barangay in Solid Waste Management Practice (Category C) for 2013 and 2014.



It also provides health and nutrition services as part of their social services for their constituents, which include medical mission and proper information for health issues, free anti-rabies, free pap smear, and free vaccine for children and senior citizens.



BARANGY UP CAMPUS

Barangay UP Campus has effectively carried out its mission and continuous delivery of basic services to its residents with BGPMS as a tool, the officials performed their job with a mission-vision first as their guide for excellence and of quality of service. Barangay UP Campus takes pride in their sound financial management and giving due importance to social services in furtherance of a responsive and genuine public service.



BARANGAY HORSESHOE

One of the priority programs of Barangay Horseshoe focuses on the youth, especially those children-in-conflict with the law (CICL). The project "BAHAY" (Barangay Horseshoe Assistance for the Youth) is under the barangay's program for Children-In-Conflict with the Law (CICL). This project aims to promote drug awareness and assistance program for the CICL students of the barangay.

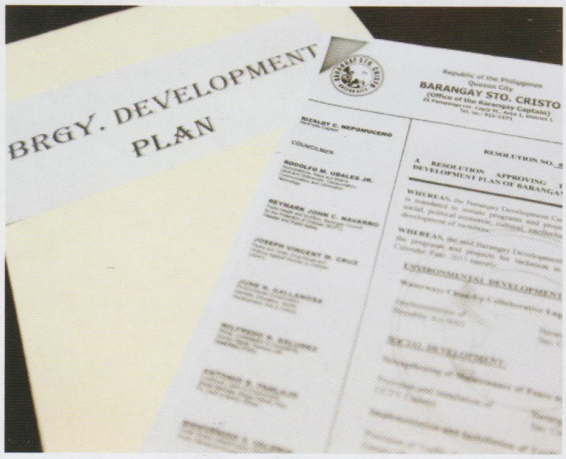
It started in June 2014 through the initiatives of Barangay Horseshoe Council and the officials of a public school, the Ponciano Bernardo High School. Aside from promoting awareness to the students, the project also aims to raise consciousness on the part of the parents that is why they would also invite the participation of the parents as well.

The barangay believes that stronger family bonds will foster better overall well-being of the student, and will therefore stay away from the idea of drug usage. As of this year, there have been only three (3) students who were assisted by the program and have undergone drug testing. The project still continues to monitor the students of Ponciano Bernardo High School with a goal of having no cases of drug usage among its students. As a result of the project, the students are now participative in barangay projects and programs concerning the youth.



NOTEWORTHY PERFORMANCE OF BARANGAY-BASED INSTITUTIONS

1. Barangay Greater Lagro
2. Barangay Paligsahan
3. Barangay Culiat
4. Barangay Sto. Cristo
5. Barangay Doña Imelda
6. Barangay Mangga



BARANGAY DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL

The Barangay Development Council (BDC) is responsible for crafting the development plan of the barangay. Its planning process is participatory because non-government organizations or representatives of the people take part in the process. In addition, the BDC monitors and evaluates the implementation of national or local programs and projects in its jurisdiction. It can also perform other similar functions as may be provided by law or competent authority.

BARANGAY PEACE AND ORDER COMMITTEE

The Barangay Peace and Order Committee or BPOC is the team responsible for monitoring and coordinating the implementation of peace and order programs and projects at the barangay level as well as gathering information on matters related to peace and order. The committee is in charge of monitoring, verifying, and reporting all reprehensible activities on top of identifying barangay constituents with strong deviant behavior for referral to appropriate authorities.

Moreover, BPOC maintains close communication with higher level Peace and Order Councils whom it submit reports to with appropriate recommendations, and other law enforcement units. It also formulates plans and recommends measures that will help improve or enhance peace and order, and public safety besides supervising and coordinating the operation of all community based anti-crime movements within the barangay. Furthermore, the BPOC makes periodic assessments of the prevailing peace and order situation. Lastly, the it performs other functions that may be assigned to it by higher level Peace and Order Councils.


RANGAY HALL


BPSO

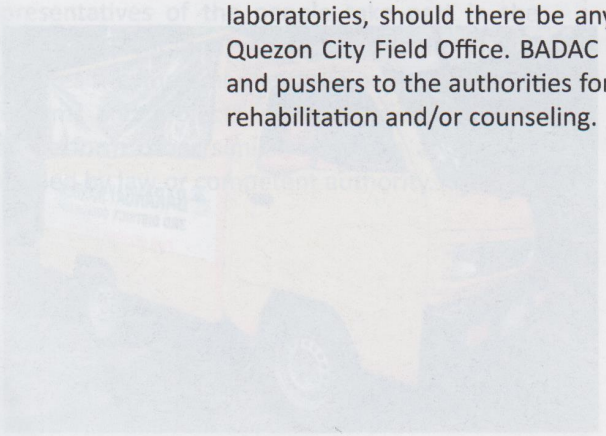

BARANGAY MANGGA
3RD DISTRICT, QUEZON CITY
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

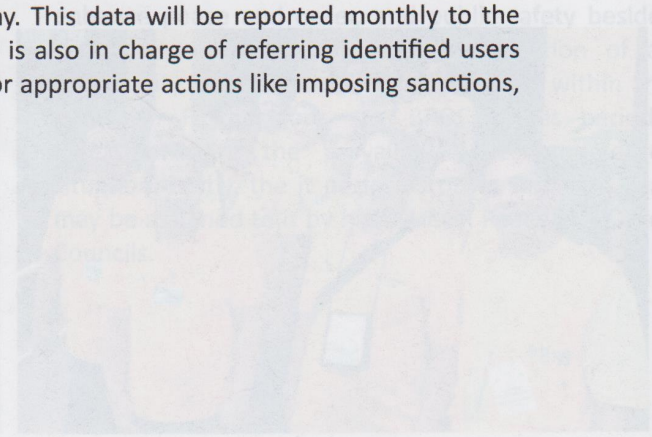
BARANGAY ANTI-DRUG ABUSE COUNCIL

Drug abuse is one of the major problems in a barangay that can cause disruption to the peace and order of the community. In response to that, a Barangay Anti-Drug Abuse Council (BADAC) was formed. Its functions are to plan, strategize, implement as well as to evaluate programs and projects on drug abuse prevention in the barangay.

It should also coordinate and collaborate with other institutions implementing programs and projects in the barangay. In making sure of its effectiveness, the BADAC should continuously gather and update its data on drug abuse and more importantly on its effect on the peace and order situation in the community.

The data should include identification of drug users, pushers, and suspected laboratories, should there be any. This data will be reported monthly to the Quezon City Field Office. BADAC is also in charge of referring identified users and pushers to the authorities for appropriate actions like imposing sanctions, rehabilitation and/or counseling.







ECOLOGICAL WASTE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

It is imperative for all barangays to have an effective solid waste management in their respective communities, hence the creation of the Barangay Ecological Solid Waste Management Committee (BESWMC). Its functions are to formulate solid waste management programs that are consistent with that of the city; which includes the segregation and collection of biodegradable, compostable, and reusable wastes. The committee should also ensure the establishment of a Materials Recovery Facility in the area which is mandated to submit a monthly report to the city.



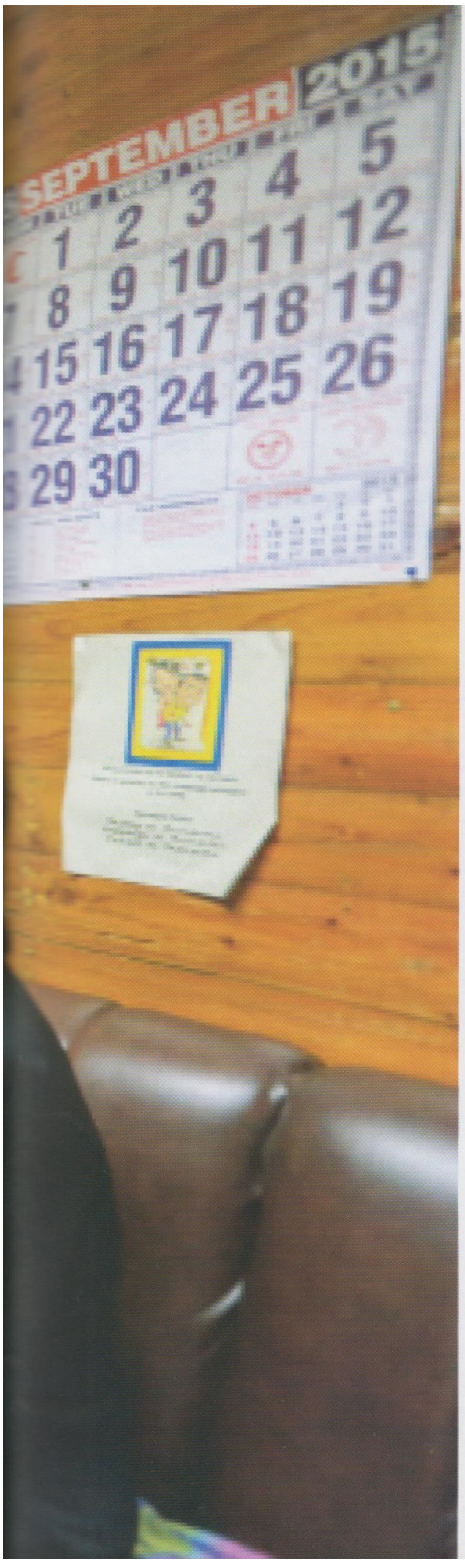


BARANGAY COUNCIL FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN

The Barangay Council for the Protection of Children (BCPC) is mandated to ensure children's survival, development, protection and participation at the barangay and community level. It is important that the barangay can respond immediately to the issues and concerns that affect the children withinits jurisdiction. The BCPC establishes effective and responsive community based mechanisms and structures that will promote and guarantee children's welfare and development through planning, promoting, and institutionalizing child-friendly policies, programs, and processes.

The BCPC also crafts a community-based development plan for children and allocates budget for the welfare and development of children in the barangay. The BCPC is responsible for optimizing and mobilizing community leaders and families for the promotion and protection of childrens' right. It likewise empowers and assists the organization of children sector in the community. The BCPC submits regular reports to the Local Council for the Protection of Children.


National Women's Month Celebration
"BABAE"
KAAGAPAY NG BAYAN
TUNGO SA
KAUNLARAN
IT HAPPE
PB. Victor D.



BARANGAY GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT FOCAL POINT SYSTEM

The Barangay Gender and Development Focal Point System BGFPS, performs the following functions:

(1) ensure the implementation of the QC GAD Code in the Barangays;

(2) execute GAD-related policies and programs as directed by the local QC GAD Council headed by the City Mayor;

(3) lead the formulation of the Barangay Annual GAD Plan and ensure that GAD programs and activities of the barangay are gender-sensitive and gender-responsive;

(4) conduct GAD orientation for Barangay officials, employees and its constituents;

(5) coordinate and organize the local POs and NGOs to encourage participation of women in the barangay and community affairs; and

(6) submit annual GAD accomplishment report to the QC GAD Council and DILG-QC.



OTHER BARANGAY BEST PRACTICES

1. Barangay St. Ignatius
2. Barangay New Era
3. Barangay Masambong
4. Barangay Bagumbahay
5. Barangay Bagbag
6. Barangay Paligsahan
7. Barangay Greater Lagro
8. Barangay Blue Ridge B
9. Barangay Philam
10. Barangay Commonwealth



BARANGAY ST. IGNATIUS SOLAR GRID TIED POWER SYSTEM

Barangay St. Ignatius supports Republic Act No. 9513 which highly recommends the installation of solar power systems for the Barangays. This project greatly helps the Barangay in the reduction of energy bills thus channeling the allocated funds to other projects.

The Solar Power System for the Barangay's communication equipment (base radio, recharging systems) has been utilized since 2013 and has seen its full benefits during Typhoon Glenda.



BARANGAY NEW ERA
ZERO CRIME RATE BARANGAY

The barangay has a resolution for curfew hours, regulating minors (17 and below) of the community and visitors during night time. Imposing proper penalty to violators is enforced.

The barangay has an ID sticker system policy for all vehicle owners both public and private, tricycles, and motorcycles. The visitors of the area are also requested to provide their IDs at the gate upon entry to the AOR (Area of Responsibility) of the barangay.

The barangay has a K-9 unit roving in the vicinity. There is an established Intelligence and Investigation Monitoring Unit (IIMU). These are assistance by the Church Administration of the Church of Christ, to make sure that both the constituents and visitors will have security and peace. The IIMU monitors the barangay 24-hours daily. They are in civilian clothing to ensure that they are indistinguishable by the public.

There are also appointed SECAs (Security Aides) by the barangay to promote peace and order. They occasionally assist traffic, and are in charge to call necessary authorities in cases of accidents

The barangay also has a mobile police car patrolling in its area of responsibility and is also equipped with CCTV cameras. Computer business establishments/ computer shops are mandated to operate until 10:00pm. Non-compliant establishments will result to revocation or non-renewal of business permits.

Barangay New Era has an allied NGO—International Business Community Watch Alliance (IBCWA) – Mata Ng Kalsada, who helps in the promotion of peace and order in the community.



BARANGAY MASAMBONG
BOTIKA NG BARANGAY

Botika ng Barangay was established in 2006 through the initiative of then Councilor Bernadette Romulo Puyat. In 2007, the project Botika ng Barangay was intensified by the Department of Health. The project was turned over and managed by a Barangay Nutrition Scholar at that time. Today, the Botika ng Barangay is under Barangay Kagawad Ronald L. Aguilar. It has won numerous awards/recognition from 2008 to 2009.

The objective of Barangay Masambong is to involve their residents in the process of decision making and to share the responsibilities of addressing their own issues and concerns. To serve their constituents efficiently, Barangay Masambong launched their Botika ng Barangay to provide an avenue where less fortunate and marginalized people of their barangay can afford to buy effective medicine.

The Botika ng Barangay target buyers are indigent families of the barangay and sometimes offer free medicines to the said families other than providing cheap medicine for the people of Barangay Masambong, the barangay project Botika ng Barangay also helps in information dissemination about health and nutrition and other health related issues.

Information dissemination about health and nutrition and other health related issues is conducted thru seminars, celebration of nutrition month and Smile Kid Project. Botika ng Barangay also sponsored Smile Kid Project which was launched in August 2008. This project aims to teach children proper way of brushing their teeth and washing their hands.

Botika ng Barangay also offers free therapy service to persons who suffered strokes and to all their Senior Citizens. They also offer free blood pressure check-up.

For the past 8 years of continuous acquisition of cheaper medicines, it is a good indication that the project really worked well. It is also shown through the awards/recognition received by the barangay e.g. Model Botika ng Barangay – 2009 and 2nd prize Model Botika ng Barangay – 2008.

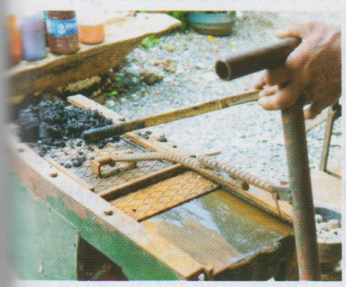
BARANGAY BAGUMBUHAY
TILES/BRICKS MAKING

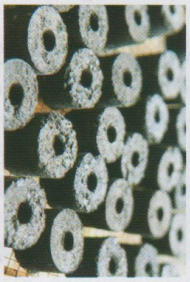
Barangay Bagumbuhay has experienced serious problems on waste management. Their garbage piles could be seen littered along the streets. This is the reason why the Barangay envisioned a project that would be beneficial for their community by the method of proper waste segregation.

Tiles and Bricks are made using collected residuals/recyclables from the community. 80 to 85 percent of the residents of Barangay Bagumbuhay diligently practice waste segregation, and approximately 30 percent of the wastes collected are recyclables which are used for tiles/bricks making.

The barangay uses almost all kinds of residual waste like empty shampoo, powdered soap and coffee sachets, Styrofoam, bottle caps and cover, and juice containers to make tiles.

All collected residuals are cut or shredded to small pieces and are placed inside a grinding machine. When pulverized, these are cooked by mixing used cooking oil. As a result of the tiles/bricks making project of Barangay Bagumbuhay, garbage is managed properly as residents are encouraged to properly segregate their house wastes. Tiles and bricks were used to improve sidewalks and pavements within selected areas in the community and substantial amount of tiles were delivered to the barangay's clients.











BARANGAY BAGBAG
R.V.A (RESPONSABLE, VIRTUOUS AND AFFECTIONATE) FOSTER PARENTING

This program was established under the initiative of its Punong Barangay, Hon. Richard V. Ambita together with his 10 kagawads and the Barangay Council for the Protection of Children (BCPC).

The main goal of this program is to provide assistance for the less fortunate children who wanted to pursue their education but can't be supported by their parents.

The barangay wrote a letter addressed to the KHAI (Kingspoint Homeowners Association) headed by its President Mr. Lamberto Nolasco asking for assistance for the program, in which after a series of meetings, both parties signed a Memorandum of Agreement to fully implement the advocacies of the program.

On Aug 16, 2014 was the grand signing of the MOA, which were attended by the three parties (1) Barangay—Hon. Richard V. Ambita, (2) KHAI officials, (3) Parents of the beneficiaries.

There were 6 children that have received support from the residents of the KHAI through this R.V.A. Foster Parenting program.

The beneficiaries of the program were chosen through a screening process, with the following criteria.

1. Their family is considered as the "poorest" families in Bagbag
2. The child strongly expresses his desire to education
3. The parents are available to provide assistance should the barangay is in need
4. The family is a registered resident of the barangay

The KHAI provided Php 5,000 for the six children and gives Php 200 for their allowance every Monday. This initiative started last October 2014. The RVA-OIC monitors the children by requiring the parents to submit their child's "school record" to the BCPC office, which the KHAI will also be given copies of the documents. The school record includes: monitoring report, financial report, school records.

BARANGAY PALIGSAHAN SUPER CLINIC



Health services become one of the basic needs and/or concern of the people today. In 2007, one of Barangay Paligsahan's major concerns is the improvement of the delivery of health services to all its constituents. As the number of patients availing the health services offered by Barangay Paligsahan increase, the more the barangay seeks for better and improved health assistance. This social call drove Punong Barangay Leopoldo Tiamson to seek assistance in improving the Barangay Clinic in order to accommodate more children and adults in a more comfortable space. This initiative was then supported by Councilor Jesus "Bong" Suntay in which he sponsored the construction of Barangay Paligsahan's health clinic and was later on referred to as the Super Clinic.

To properly address the health needs of the constituents, Barangay Paligsahan's Super Clinic offers different health facilities such as (a) a dental room where check-ups and extractions when needed are being performed; (b) consultation rooms for the pediatric and geriatric doctors' use; (c) storeroom or pharmacy for medical drugs such as vitamins and other medicines; (d) breastfeeding room for nursing mothers; and (e) beds to lay on for emergency cases. Medical instruments are also available at the Barangay Super Clinic such as (a) blood pressure instruments; (b) weighing scales for infants and adults; (c) inhalation machines for asthma patients; and (d) testing equipment for glucose, uric acid and cholesterol.

The success of the expansion of the Super Clinic continues as Barangay Paligsahan made a new agreement with the Capitol Medical Center Pediatrics Department that entitles the barangay constituents free consultation and services for infants and children every Tuesday and Thursday of the week. The ophthalmologists of the Capitol Medical Center have also involved themselves in the community service through holding regular eye check-up for children and adults held every Wednesday afternoon of the week. Medicines and vitamins are also distributed for free to the families as initiated by the same medical institution. For future initiative, Punong Barangay Tiamson is presently considering establishing a computerized data bank of the health status of all the residents that strictly monitor their health conditions.



BARANGAY GREATER LAGRO
"CRIME WATCH" OR "NIGHT WATCH"

Punong Barangay, Atty. Renato Galimba, took a special concern on peace, order, and safety of the barangay. He believes that having a safe and sound environment would attract business establishments to locate in the barangay. That is why, the barangay is proud in saying that one of their best practices is the promotion and maintenance of peace, order, and safety in Barangay Greater Lagro. In order to achieve such status, the barangay establishes close links with the police, in which there are numerous "ugnayan" or cooperative undertakings between the PNP and barangay officials. The QCPD officers also conducted trainings/seminars for the regular Barangay Peace and Safety Officers.

The Punong Barangay is a firm believer in the importance of good housekeeping, that is why he wasted no time in initiating and implementing measures to improvez the in-house resources of the barangay. As part of the practice, the barangay also has a "Crime Watch" or "Night Watch" which is a formation of neighborhood groups or volunteers from the community who keep watch of the vicinity during the night.

BARANGAY BLUE RIDGE B
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT









Barangay Blue Ridge B is situated in a 15 hectare lot in the 3rd District of Quezon City. Blessed with a friendly neighborhood, towering trees, lush greeneries, rolling hills and landscaped gardens they are known because of their successful Solid Waste Management Program formulated and implemented since 2011. The success of their program earned recognition not only from the Quezon City Government but also from the Metropolitan Manila Development Authority. Barangay Blue Ridge B was second runner up in 2011 and declared Champion (category D) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 in the Best Barangay Solid Waste Management Practice.

In 2012, Barangay Blue Ridge B was declared "Grand Winner (category D) for the Barangay Power 2012 and 2014, Cleanest and Best Barangay Solid Waste Management Practice launched by the MMDA. Barangay Blue Ridge B was the only barangay to win in the MMDA Contest. To recognize this success, the Q.C Council passed a Resolution commending their Solid Waste Management Practice.

The Solid Waste Management Program of the barangay has the following components and or features:

- Information, Education Campaign with the assistance of EPWD
- Solid Waste Segregation strictly followed by their residents
- Collection of kitchen wastes by the eco aides directly from the houses of residents
- Organic Fertilizer is produced from composted leaves, swept from the parks and streets
- Livelihood programs are conducted, converting recyclable materials to usable products
- Guidelines were given for dog walkers
- Garbage collection schedules were strictly followed
- The Barangay Council and the Barangay Solid Waste Management Committee members closely monitor the cleanliness of the barangay

BARANGAY PHILAM
RAIN WATER HARVESTING SYSTEM

When Philam Homes was established in the 1950's, a water reservoir was constructed underground with the purpose of making the community self-sufficient in its water requirements. Today, the barangay has its own rainwater harvesting system. The components of which are the following:

- Conduct of information campaign in the community.
- Procurement of equipment to gather water from the surrounding buildings.
- Distribution of collected rainwater in the reservoir to overhead tanks for distribution to the swimming pool, park, playground, organic vegetable garden and MRF.
- Maintenance of personnel and equipment.

The rainwater harvesting system aims to lower down the water expenses of the community and make use of idle but serviceable facilities and to reduce/mitigate flash floods in low lying areas. The fully functional watering system is projected to generate 10% of savings in water consumption. The community will appreciate the savings in water expense as this will be diverted to other projects.



BARANGAY COMMONWEALTH

BARANGAY PUBLIC ORDER AND SAFETY

Public order and safety of the inhabitants is essential in the development and progress of civilized society and the barangay as the basic political unit is in the best position to encourage community collaboration through a systematic program that will allow them to participate in promoting public order and safety.

Barangay Commonwealth enhances the effectiveness of the crime prevention mission through the installation of CCTVs (Closed Circuit Television System). It has installed 32 units in the different streets of the barangay more especially in the crime prone areas. The crimes committed by riding in tandem have been identified through these CCTVs.

Alongside with CCTVs is the installation of 30 public address system units that allows the constituents to know the projects, activities and other vital information concerning the barangay.

The barangay is also active in crime prevention activities especially in its fight against illegal drugs. In fact, it has apprehended 69 suspected drug users and pushers or couriers. Moreover, the barangay has organized the neighborhood crime watch to serve as a community-based crime prevention monitoring and coordinating mechanism. These measures have definitely contributed to the promotion of public order and safety in the barangay.

GOOD FINANCIAL HOUSEKEEPING

This gives due credit and acknowledgement of the barangays exhibiting outstanding compliance to the accounting and auditing rules through prompt submission of financial documents and compliance to the various laws on barangay annual budgeting and government procurement (RA 9184) and commendable financial practices as a solid manifestation of further uplifting transparency in governance or ***"Matinong Pamamahala".***

Lourdes	***Amihan***	***Claro***	***UP Village***
Nayong Kanluran	***Blue Ridge A***	***Villa Maria Clara***	***North Fairview***
NS Amoranto	***St. Ignatius***	***Escopa II***	***San Bartolome***
Salvacion	***Ugong Norte***	***Dona Aurora***	***Gulod***
Philam			***Kaligayahan***





LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

Local legislation means the act of making laws or measures in the form of ordinances or resolutions by the Sangguniang Barangay. To be effective, it must involve the participation and cooperation of the Executive Branch and the Civil Society, which includes private sector, Non-Governmental Organiztions (NGO's), Peoples Organizations (PO's), Civil Society Organizations (CSO's) and constituents.

To qualify for the Seal, Barangays must get at least 80% average rating in the Quezon City Barangay Legislative Services Assessment conducted by the Technical Working Group, which includes the areas of Barangay Local Legislation, Internal Rules and Procedures, Legislative Tracking and Analysis System and the Executive and Legislative Agenda (ELA)

• Barangay Internal Rules and Procedures

The document governs the orderly transaction of business and defines the duties and responsibilities of the officers during the conduct of meetings.

• Legislative Tracking and Analysis System

An electronic database system that manages and provides easy access to ordinances and resolutions. It is an electronic library of local laws organized according to subject, date, author, committee referral, sectors affected and status in the legislative process and contains information on the committees and members of the Sanggunian and their performances.

• Barangay Executive and Legislative Agenda

Joint agreement between the Executive and Legislative Departments about the direction to be taken of Barangay development as per DILG Memorandum Circular No. 64, s-2004. It is a road map for complementary executive and legislative actions in local governance. Inputs in the ELA preparation may be acquired from the following:

a. State of Local Governance Report;
b. Consultation with citizens;
c. Pertinent issues present in the locality that must be addressed;
d. Directives from the City.

LEGISLATIVE SERVICES CITATION

DISTRICT 1

- Alicia
- Bagong Pag-Asa
- Bahay Toro
- Balingasa
- Bungad
- Damar
- Damayan
- Del Monte
- Katipunan
- Lourdes
- Maharlika
- Manresa
- Mariblo
- Masambong
- Ns Amoranto
- Nayong Kanluran
- Paang Bundok
- Pag-Ibig Sa Nayon
- Paltok
- Paraiso
- Santa Cruz
- Salvacion
- San Isidro Labrador
- San Jose
- Siena
- Saint Peter
- Ramon Magsaysay
- Santa Teresita
- Santo Cristo
- Santo Domingo
- Talayan
- West Triangle

DISTRICT 2

- Bagong Silangan
- Batasan Hills
- Commonwealth
- Payatas
- Holy Spirit

DISTRICT 3

- Amihan
- Bagumbayan
- Bagumbuhay
- Blue Ridge A
- Blue Ridge B
- Camp Aguinaldo
- Dioquino Zobel
- Duyan-Duyan
- East Kamias
- Escopa I
- Escopa II
- Tagumpay
- Escopa IV
- Libis
- Loyol Heights
- White Plains
- Marilag
- Masagana
- Matandang Balara
- Milagrosa
- Quirino 2a
- Quirino 2b
- Quirino 2c
- Quirino 3a
- Quirino 3b (Claro)
- San Roque
- Socorro
- St. Ignatius
- Ugong Norte
- Villa Maria Clara
- West Kamias

DISTRICT 4

- Botocan
- Central
- Damayang Lagi
- Doña Aurora
- Doña Imelda
- Horseshoe
- Immaculate Concepcion
- Kalusugan
- Kamuning
- Kaunlaran
- Krus Na Ligas
- Laging Handa
- Malaya
- Mariana
- Old Capitol Site
- Paligsahan
- Pinyahan
- Sacred Heart
- San Isidro Galas
- San Vicente
- Santo Niño
- Santol
- Sikatuna Village
- Tatalon
- Up Campus
- Up Village
- Valencia

DISTRICT 5

- Bagbag
- Capri
- Fairview
- Greater Lagro
- Gulod
- Kaligayahan
- Nagkaisang Nayon
- North Fairview
- Novaliches Proper
- Pasong Putik
- San Agustin
- San Bartolome
- Santa Monica
- Santa Lucia

DISTRICT 6

- Apolonio Samson
- Baesa
- Culiat
- New Era
- Pasong Tamo
- Sangandaan
- Sauyo
- Talipapa
- Tandang Sora
- Unang Sigaw

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